

Gold is down to \$292 and is bound to go lower. Whether the capture of Fort Fisher or the peace rumors that fill the air, or both together produce this result is of little consequence. It is enough to know that the rebellion totters to its fall and the gold gamblers hunt their holes.

Our dispatches contain important news from the rebel Congress. It will be seen that peace, and a return to the old Union is beginning to be seriously discussed. Let them lay down their arms and disperse and peace will come of itself.

**Great Railroad Suit.**  
Julius Wadsworth, of New York, in behalf of himself and other stock and bond holders of the Galena Chicago Union R. R. Co. has filed a bill in chancery praying for the appointment of a receiver for the effects of the company, and asking that an injunction be issued to restrain the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad Company from using the track and the property of the Galena road.

He claims that the consolidation seriously impairs the value and security of the bonds, that neither the charter of the Galena nor the law of Illinois give any right to consolidate, that the consolidation was fraudulently brought about, that Ogden, Smith and Dunlap of the Northwestern Road are interested in land, lumber, lead, iron and coal companies on the line of the Galena Road, and therefore wished to have it under their control &c. &c.

**Panic in Madison.**—We understand that quite a panic has existed for several days among the soldiers in Madison about the condition of the stone wall in the rotunda of the capitol, part of which fell some months ago. There has been talk of adjoining for one or two weeks for the purpose of taking down the unfinished wall, of removing the capitol to Milwaukee, &c. If it will only bring about an early adjournment it will be well.

The conflict between Peru and Spain as we learn by a later arrival from Panama, is still unsettled. The expected reinforcements for the Spanish fleet had reached Chiriqui Islands, and a hostile demonstration against Callao was by many anticipated. The mission of a commissioner of the South American Congress to the Spanish admiral appears to have remained without result.

Private letters from our soldiers in Savannah, show that they are in the highest spirits, and more confident of marching from conquest to conquest, than at any former period. They desire to march through South Carolina, and put their mark upon that State, and to fight Lee's army. They would rejoice exceedingly if they should hear that Lee had left Virginia and was marching against them with his whole force.

A correspondent of the Providence Journal touches for the efficacy of ice as a cure for diphtheria, croup and all ordinary inflammation of the throat. The manner of application is as follows:  
Break up a small lump of ice in a towel and put it in a bowl. Take position slightly inclined backwards, either in a chair or on a sofa. Proceed for half an hour with a spoon to feel yourself with small lumps of ice, letting it dissolve slowly in the back part of the mouth or at the entrance of the throat. A single such application will often break up a common cold or throat, which otherwise would have a course of two or three days. In the case of a bad cold or throat, use the ice frequently and freely. In case of ulceration or diphtheria keep a small lot of ice constantly in the mouth.

**Age of the Earth.**—The Rev. Prof. Houghton, in a paper recently read before the Dublin Geological Society, gave the result of some computations, based on the earth's rate of cooling, to determine the limit of the time during which animal life can have existed upon our globe. As the albumen of the blood coagulates at 122 degrees Fahrenheit, he regards it as impossible that animal life can exist in a temperature above that temperature. He therefore attempts to calculate the time from the period when the polar regions of the earth were at the temperature of 122 degrees, down to the period when the mean temperature of the British Isles was 77 degrees, the latter being the London clay tertiary epoch of tropical molasses. His computations give the time between the two periods as 1,018,000,000 years.

**Arrested for a False Claim of Alienage.**—Wm. Graham and Benjamin Swale of this city, the former an Irishman by birth and the latter an Englishman, were arrested on Monday last by Deputy Marshal French, for putting in a false claim of alienage in order to avoid liability to the draft. They had been to Janesville and made affidavit to the Provost Marshal that they had never declared their intention to become citizens of the United States, and had never claimed or exercised a citizen's right of voting. On examining the old poll lists here, the Marshal found that they had voted in the city elections, and at once had them arrested and taken to Janesville, where they gave bonds to answer to the charges. The example which will be apt to make others beware how they attempt to skirt the just claims of the country to their services.—*Bellevue Journal.*

**MILWAUKEE & PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILWAY.**

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W. M. STROGGS,  
General Agent Southern Wis. Div.  
820 S. DEXTER, Ticket Agent.

**TO RENT.**—A barn on Ravine street corner of Madison street. Inquire of John Nelson, 212 Madison street.

**NOTICE.**—All persons indebted to me by note or account, are hereby notified that the same have been left in the office of C. G. & H. W. for settlement. Immediate attention to this notice will save costs. HENRY PALMER, Janesville, Jan. 18th, 1865.

# Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 8. JANESVILLE, WIS., FRIDAY, JAN. 20, 1865. NUMBER 275.

## Mr. Million Dollars.

The following from the address of Henry Ward Beecher at the recent meeting of the Tract Society in Boston, is characteristic and pertinent:

A man may make a million dollars and be a man. For a man who has got a million dollars, you know, is a man in New York, and I suppose, in Boston. Everybody takes his hat off to Mr. Million Dollars. He is conciliated, he is respected; and if there is any prospect that the dew will be shaken off his branches he is invited everywhere. If a man has a million dollars he is a man; but he dies, and his million dollars is cut into four quarters, and four persons carry it off their several ways. Mr. Million Dollars, after an appropriate funeral, is buried, and there he lies; and in a few years nobody talks about him, nobody thinks about him, nobody hears about him. In fifty years the shroud-stones might go and read his grave-stone and find "Mr. Million Dollars." "Who was he and where is his money?" And it would puzzle an antiquary to tell what these four heirs did with it. It puzzled them after a few years to tell where it had gone to. He made his money; it gave him power and influence; he distributed it among his heirs, yet, he distributed it, and they squandered it, he died, and went to dust, and that was the last of him, so far as this world is concerned; I don't know what became of him beyond.

But suppose that instead of that he had made himself his own executor, and had put fifty thousand dollars behind a printing press and said, "As long as interest lasts on that fifty thousand dollars, work, press, work!" This would have taken some treatise written for liberty, based upon the Bible, and carrying out the vital power of the gospel, and had taken another fifty thousand dollars and put it into the hands of the Tract Society, saying, "I consecrate to the printing of that book this fifty thousand dollars; work with that money as long as it can bear interest." Suppose he had taken five hundred thousand dollars and appointed them his sentinels—stationing fifty thousand dollars there, and there, and there—they would go on working until the last trump sounds; and when a hundred years had passed over his grave, his name, through that society, would still be fresh, and his influence potent for good. Every tract would bear his name upon its imprint, and a million tombstones could not make it so illustrious.

## Soldier Ingenuity.

At the Soldier's Fair, soon to come off at Boston, there will be on exhibition and for sale a miniature steam engine, built of picked up materials, by two private soldiers, Westel E. Hanks and Abram K. Evans, both belonging to the 44th New York regiment, which was begun and finished since the arrival of the army before Petersburg. The engine considering the materials and the means of making it, is a great piece of ingenuity. Its length is fourteen inches, and its height twelve inches. The boiler is made from a common oil can; the furnace from a camp kettle; the smoke stack from a tin can; the cylinder from a piece of mangle bar; the piston rod from a piece of signal telescope frame; the post connecting the cylinder with the bed-plate from the iron rings from a set of harness; two try cocks from a key to a door-lock from a house at Spottsylvania; the steam chest is a piece of beam helped out with a silver spoon case; the governor valve is a piece of watch work; the loud and shrill, the steam whistle is a mouth-piece to a bird; part of a spencer rifle cartridge, and the tip of a bayonet scabbard; the safety valve is a piece of a lightning rod from a mill; the piston rod is the beam of a valve a part of a cavalry soldier's belt buckle; the weight a rebel grape shot; the piston rod and crank are made from pieces of mangle bar; the connecting rod is a piece of wire from a railroad lantern; the fly wheel is made from a piece of mahogany table; the four spokes to the wheel, of a mangle bar; the hub of the wheel is the fuse plug of a rebel shell; the base from a railroad lantern; the valve rod is made from a piece of wire from a parasol; the Maltese cross (5th Corps badge) surmounting the frame; the bed-plate, stand plate, shaft standards, cross heads, eccentrics and guides are all made from pieces of brass picked up in various places in Virginia; the packing-boxes and screws were made from a United States military instrument, destroyed.

The machine rests upon a frame made from pieces of a mahogany piano case, from a house near Petersburg, belonging to an officer in the rebel army; the legs are pieces of wood from the same house, and the brass knobs on the frames are from rebel cartridge boxes from the Walden Railroad. This piece of mechanism, though so small, is in perfect running order, and works beautifully, and has power sufficient to run a sewing machine. It is named the General Charles Griffin.

Taz swindler Anthony, who was arrested here last week, it now appears, played the same game as a resident of Janesville who had come from Providence, that was played upon Mr. Gage. He borrowed of him a quantity of legal tender. He will be brought to this city and examined touching his transaction with Mr. Gage on Friday next.—*Bellevue Journal.*

When a poor Irishman was bound over to keep the peace towards all his Majesty's subjects, he left the office exclaiming, "Well, then, God help the first furrier I meet with!"

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## BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported Expressly for the Gazette.

## THE WAR FOR THE UNION!

THINGS IN THE "CONFEDERACY" GETTING MIXED!

Everybody Curses Everybody Else For the "Situation"!

Blair Goes to Richmond Again!

Discussion of the Peace Question There!

ANOTHER CANADIAN RAID THREATENED!

Capture of Pocotaligo Bridge!

General Depression in the Markets

FROM THE SOUTH.

New York, Jan. 19.—The following is from the Richmond *Dispatch* of the 17th inst.:

"The fall of Fort Fisher we presume closes the port of Wilmington. It commands the main entrance to the Cape Fear river, and will we fear enable the enemy to blockade the river completely, giving us a secure lodgment on the left bank. Fort Caswell and several other works still guard the southern channel of the river. Fort Fisher is thirty miles below Wilmington. Some regard the fall of Fort Fisher as a disaster while many are disposed to consider it a blessing in disguise. The latter who are, it must be said, a numerous and sensible class think Wilmington as a sea port from the beginning done us more harm than good. They say that the goods imported through it have been of little value to us, while millions of dollars worth of our cotton has thence found its way into the hands of our enemies. It is proper to add that possibly our forces which according to Gen. Lee's dispatch were making a heavy demonstration against their rear, may retake the fort."

It was reported yesterday that John C. Breckinridge was made Secretary of War of the Confederate States. We could obtain no confirmation of the report in official circles, but there are reasons for believing it. Breckinridge was expected to arrive in the city last night. It was also reported that Col. Northern, Commanding General, had been displaced.

A Fort Monroe correspondent says the Raleigh *Wary* comes out openly for reconstruction, owing to intestine troubles. The interior of the State is filled with deserters and outlaws and the State militia have thrown away their arms and gone home. New York, Jan. 19.—Judge Halliburton, of the Confederate court for the district of Virginia, yesterday issued a writ of *habeas corpus*, on the petition of Henry S. Poole, a member of the Confederate House of Representatives from Tennessee, commanding Captain John S. Duggett, Provost Marshal at Fredericksburg, to bring before the Judge the body of Henry S. Poole on Thursday next, and show cause why he should not be set at liberty. Mr. Poole, in his petition, stated that he had been arrested and held in custody by order of Captain Duggett who professed to be acting by the order of one James A. Seddon, Secretary of War, &c. Happily, this matter had been settled by the House of Representatives to whom it was referred by the President, declaring that they are of the opinion that the power of the country would not be subserved by the forced attendance of said member upon the sessions of the House, but that under all the circumstances of the case it is expedient that the military authorities discharge him from custody. We presume Mr. Poole has already been set at liberty.

Mr. J. W. Singleton, of Illinois, Yankee Ponce Despatch, and Peace Commissioner, is still at the Spotswood House. His presence in the city has not produced a great sensation.

New York, Jan. 20.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says of the results of Secretary Stanton's visit to Savannah, it is to solve a doubt as to the soundness of Gen. Sherman's views on the negro question. This soldier's views and policy are those of the Government. His treatment of the negroes of Savannah has inspired them with confidence, and they rely on him wholly. He has borne in heart a great scheme for the benefit of their race in Georgia, and it is understood here that the country will be electrified in a few days by an order from him partitioning among them the abandoned and seized property of fugitive rebel planters, and establishing them in their new freeholds and laying the foundation of a new social condition in the South, whose superstructure none but politicians in the country are now permitted to see.

The *Harvard's* Washington special says F. P. Blair will start for Richmond again to-morrow. Since his return he has been in frequent and close consultation with the President and other leading members of the administration, but what the character of his communications has been, or with what authority he is now clothed is yet unknown. That he should so soon return is indicative of his having been charged with some communication by Mr. Davis, the tenor of which has not been made public, and which in connection with the successes achieved by our forces since his interview with the rebel executive and the evident disinclination of the mass of the Southern people to continue the war, induces a belief on the part of the Administration that the resources of statesmanship may now be used with a vigorous prosecution of military and naval operations to bring about a termination of the existing difficulties. At all events it is certain he returns at once to the rebel capital. This would indicate that Mr. Blair's first mission was far more successful than was allowed to transpire.

New York, Jan. 20.—Richmond papers contain a debate in the rebel Congress which shows that the Committee on Foreign Relations, to which was referred the peace propositions, reported unanimously in favor of sending commissioners to sue for peace. It also shows that this action has produced a rupture between Jeff. Davis and the Richmond oligarchy on one side, and Congress, representing the people on the other side, which is shaking the whole frame work of the Confederacy.

Mr. Orr declared that the people were determined that in some form the statesmanship of the country shall be involved in an honorable effort to end the carnage of death by negotiation. The debate is the most important which has occurred during the war.

Richmond papers are again abusing Jeff Davis, General Bragg and all others except Lee, for allowing Fort Fisher to fall. They again call for Lee as dictator. The *Saturday* having published an article denouncing the peace resolutions as treason, an exciting debate took place in the House in which the *Centinel* was roughly handled. Jeff Davis was accused of endeavoring to intimidate the advocates of an honorable and peaceful settlement of the war. In the House also there was a debate.

The proposed repeal of the exemption law, Marshall, of Kentucky, was in favor of a man exempt of every man in the country. He said the rebels had not begun to fight yet, others said that the country needed no farmers, and that the people should be divided into soldiers and producers.

The Richmond *Examiner* suggests that all the cotton at Wilmington be burned, as the port being closed the place is no longer of any consequence and may fall into the enemies' hands.

The Richmond *Enquirer* acknowledging the port closed, says now for the first time we are thrown entirely upon our own resources. Butler could have taken it on Christmas day, but he did not because he was afraid it would be folly to pretend that the port of Wilmington was not of great value to our cause, but that he did us much harm is equally clear.

## FROM BOSTON.

Boston, January 19.—The funeral of Edward Everett took place to-day in the First Unitarian Church, the services of a more private character having previously been held in the late residence of the deceased. The church was draped in the symbols of mourning. The remains were brought to the church, escorted by the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the following gentlemen acting as pall bearers: Honorable Emory Washburn, Ex-Governor of Massachusetts; F. W. Lincoln, Jr., Mayor of Boston; Thomas Hill, President of Harvard University; G. T. Bigelow, Chief Justice; George Ticknor, Trustee of Public Library; R. C. Winthrop, President of the Historical Society; C. G. Loring, Vice President of the Union Club; Asa Gray, President of the Academy of Arts and Sciences; J. D. Graham; Col. Asa; S. S. H. Stringham, Rear Admiral, U. S. N.

The inscription upon the coffin, borne upon a solid silver plate, is as follows: "Edward Everett, born in Dorchester, Mass., the 11th of April, 1794; died in Boston the 12th of January, 1865."

Upon the casket a wreath of white flowers and evergreens was placed. The services were simple and impressive, opening with the burial chant of the Episcopal service, "Teach me to know my days," followed by the reading of appropriate passages from the scripture, and prayer by the Rev. Dr. Walker, President of Harvard College.

Rev. Rufus Ellis then made an eloquent and touching address and prayer, after which the usual Church service was read over the remains of the deceased, the exercises closing by singing the funeral anthem, "Thy bodies be buried in dust but their names live forever more."

The remains were conveyed to Mount Auburn. The burial procession was large and imposing, two companies of volunteer cavalry, two of infantry and two of marines from the navy yard, acted as an escort. Both branches of the Legislature met at 10 o'clock, and adopted resolutions of respect to the memory of Mr. Everett, and appointed a Committee to attend the funeral.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Gen. Butler has turned over to his successor half a million of dollars, the proceeds of taxes on sutlers and other traders, and other monies. It is rumored that Gen. McDouglough of California will resign.

## FROM CANADA.

New York, Jan. 20.—The *Tribune's* Montreal correspondent, of whose trustworthiness the editor vouches, announces that Gen. Dyer, who is the leader for the purpose of releasing the prisoners in Clinton, Prison, and that Beaulieu, Keosauke, Burlington, Waterbury, Vermont and Haverhill, New Hampshire, will be visited.

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Cleveland, Jan. 20.—Two cars on yesterday morning's express train on the C. & C. R. R. was thrown off the track near Wilmington, by a broken rail; 15 injured, none killed.

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The Express says: "A movement is now going on against Mobile. Prominent persons express the opinion that the city is now in our hands."

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Fort Buchanan is a small rectangular fort bastioned fort of very considerable strength, situated at the southwest extremity of the peninsula, and distant a mile and a half from the latter, and one mile from Mound Battery, commands the Cape Fear River, here widened almost to a bay, and is manned by some 4,000 men. Probably 3,000 stand of arms could be gathered up inside the works. We also captured some sixteen head of mules and horses, several wagons and carts, and one small steam launch with 250 bags of corn and a quantity of ammunition.

## FROM MOBILE.

New York, Jan. 20.—The *Tribune's* correspondent writing from before Mobile on the 7th, says as matters now rest the advantages of situation are largely on our side. Described as our original intention, most of the rebel guns designed to protect the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, and navigation on the Alabama and Tombigbee Rivers, are far up in the interior, or scattered in their endeavors to cover vulnerable points upon the railroad, and have no great strength. They furthermore fear another raid from Vicksburg or Memphis, which will not permit them to alter their present disposition of their troops, they cannot make a movement without endangering the communication with Mobile.

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## Medical.

CATARRE, THROAT DIS.

ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

Early stages of Consumption.

LIVER COMPLAINTS.

Diseases of Women.

And all other Complaints that Lead to Consumption.

Are treated by DR. HALL, at the

Wisconsin Throat & Lung Institute,

Myers' Block, Janesville.

by a new method, and with remedies that are constantly successful in the treatment of chronic diseases.

The thinking and unthinking portion of the community will appreciate the great advantages of permanent and reliable treatment for the cure of chronic diseases that usually follow the skill of the general practitioner.

Catarre, that great producing cause of Consumption in the North-west, is given up upon a plan of the new remedies. Dr. Hall has never encountered a case of this disease he could not cure. The present course is very favorable for the cure of chronic diseases, being dangerous. Your case may be cured this month, not next, today, not to-morrow.

All who are suffering from any of the diseases Dr. Hall makes a specialty in treating, should at least call and investigate the new system for themselves. No person can give sound and sound judgment without full and careful investigation, and no person can be "hunted" that which claims to possess merit.

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FRIDAY, JAN. 30, 1885.

CITY AND COUNTY.

RAILROAD DIRECTORY.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Chicago & Northwestern.  
Milwaukee & St. Paul.  
Chicago & North Western.  
Milwaukee & St. Paul.

Arrival and Departure  
of the Milwaukee & St. Paul  
Railroad.

Arrival and Departure  
of the Chicago & North Western  
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A BOUNTY JUMPER ATTEMPTS TO ESCAPE.  
Quite an excitement was created in the vicinity of the Railroad bridge, yesterday afternoon, by the attempt of a bounty jumper to escape. As the train from Madison was approaching the depot, and had slackened its speed somewhat, a man jumped from one of the cars and ran down to the river and across on the ice. He threw away his canteen and overcoat, and seemed determined to escape, but he was so badly pursued by some soldiers from the same train, that he ran into a house and was captured. We learn he was a Chicago man who had been at Madison and enlisted for the sake of the bounty. He will probably be taken care of, now that he has shown his hand.

TRIAL OF HESTON.—The time of day has been very nearly all occupied with the arguments of the counsel pro and con. District Attorney Bennett is assisted by Willard Merrill, Esq., and the defense is conducted by Messrs. Ebbetts and Williams. Some of those who have heard the testimony are of the opinion that Heston will be discharged. We know nothing, personally, of the merits of the case.

SKATING.—A large number of persons of both sexes took advantage of the pleasant weather this afternoon, to try skating on the pond and race. No better or more healthful exercise can be invented, and no better skates can be found than the Bloodin Skates, sold by Barrows.

BROOKS HIS LEG.—Mr. S. M. Smith, residing on Milton Avenue broke his leg yesterday. Dr. Treat was called to set the broken limb.

FROM ST. LOUIS.  
St. Louis, Jan. 29.—The Democrat learns that the 2nd corps, Gen. Schofield, will soon join Gen. Sherman, via Tennessee and Ohio rivers, and by railroad to ride water and thence by sea.

CITY NOTICES.  
GREAT SALE.—There will be a great sale of jewelry and silver ware at the store opposite the Myers House, East Milwaukee street, on Monday next. Choice of all is to be given for one dollar, and a present is given to every one.

DR. SEELYE'S LIQUID CATARRH REMEDY.  
Directly warranted if directions are followed. Hundreds of Citizens of Chicago have been Permanently Cured by this Medicine.

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Yates, Chaps, Furs, &c.

HAT, CAP AND FUR STORE!

THE LATEST STYLES.

BROWN & CO.

Keep constantly on hand.

Siberian, Squirrel, &c.

in sets for Ladies and Children.

HATS & CAPS!

For Men and Boys, in the latest styles of London.

Beaver, South Seal & Nutre Gloves,

CAPS & MUFFLERS,

for Gentlemen wear.

Buckskin Mittens and Gloves,

for Men and Boys.

Buffalo & Fancy Sleigh Robes

We call special attention to the best Robes in the market—Indian and Russian.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

277 The highest market price paid for shipping furs.

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277 The highest market











### Legal Advertisements

**STREET AND SIDEWALK TAX**  
**SALE-NOTICE** is HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned treasurer of the city of Jacksonville has for sale the lots, parts of lots, lands, places or parcels of land and interests therein, for the amount of the taxes, interest, cost and charges, that are due on each lot, part of lot, land, place or parcel of land hereinafter described respectively, for the **Street and Sidewalk Improvement Taxes, Interest, Cost and Charges**, that are due on each lot, part of lot, land, place or parcel of land, having been rendered by the Circuit Court of Duval county, on the seventh day of December, A. D. 1905, and the same will take place at the office of the undersigned, in the city of Jacksonville, on **Tuesday the 31st day of January, 1906.**

last mentioned day and continue until all of said  
parts, lots, lands, pieces or parcels of land are  
respectively.

S. POORD, Jr.,  
City Treasurer.

Dated Treasurer's Office, City of Janesville, January  
19, 1925.

Shuman estate, lot 2, block 8, original plat Janesville.  
" " " 1, " 10, " "  
" " " 2, " 10, " "  
" " " 3, " 10, " "  
Podruff, n e q lot 25 Mitchell's addition.  
known, n e q lot 25 " "  
do " n e q lot 25 " "  
do " lot 9 in May's addition.

known, lot 6 block 11 original plat Janesville.

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**CIRCUIT COURT, ROCK COUNTY.**  
 v. William W. Sheppard, against David H. Bab-  
 Wm. H. H. Bailey and Mary Bailey.

In virtue of a judgment of sale and foreclosure of  
 Circuit Court for the county of Rock, made on the  
 day of December, 1884, in favor of the above nam-  
 ed plaintiff, and against the above named defendants,  
 I sell as the law directs, at public auction, to the  
 highest bidder, on

---

**THE 31st DAY OF FEBRUARY 1886.**

in front of the First National Bank of Janesville  
consists, in the city of Janesville, Wisconsin, all the  
following pieces or parcels of land, to be described as follows:  
To-wit: as the south half of the north west quarter  
of the south west quarter of the north east quarter of  
Township number 12, in township number 2 north of  
Range number 13 east, situate in Rock county afore-  
said, excepting and reserving 33 acres of land, of un-  
known width, off the north part of the above described  
lot, or so much, and such part of said land as shall be  
sufficient to satisfy the amount due to the plaintiff in said  
debt, with costs of sale. Dated Dec. 22d, 1864.

H. T. PEMBER, Sheriff Rock Co., Wis.

WONGER & HAWES, Att'ys.

cc22dDec64w465

**CIRCUIT COURT, ROCK COUNTY.**  
 V. Y.—Joseph S. Abbot, against Cyrus D. Davis, Caroline Davis his wife, Elizabeth A. Morse, widow of David S. Morse deceased, Ephraim Marston and George Dyar, executors of the last will and testament of David S. Morse deceased, Thomas A. Sayles and Uri M. Hart.

My virtue of a judgment of foreclosure and sale of Circuit Court for the county of Rock, made on the day of December, A. D. 1864, in favor of the above named plaintiffs and against the above named defendants, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, on

**THE 10th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1865.**

in front of the Hyatt House block, on the block  
of Merrill, Wisconsin, all of the following  
described in said judgment on lots ninety-seven  
and ninety-nine (99), to Smith, Bailey and Stone's  
(72). In Viet's survey of Mineral Point, Wis-  
consin much and such part thereof, as shall be sufficient  
to satisfy the amount due to the plaintiff in said judg-  
ment with costs of sale.

A. JACKSON,  
Plaintiff Atty.,

THOMAS KAZLE,  
Sheriff of Rock Co., Wis.  
Jan 20 1896

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**CIRCUIT COURT, ROCK COUN-**  
TY.—John Shafer against Charles H. Lawrence.

for Rock county, on the judgment rendered by court in the above entitled action, I have levied and shall offer for sale, and sell at public auction to the highest bidder, on the sidewalk in front of the Court House in the city of Janesville, Rock Co., Wis.,

**WEDNESDAY THE 13th DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1866.**

O'clock a. m. of that day, all of the interest of said defendant in those certain pieces or parcels of land situated and being in the county of Rock, in the State of Wisconsin, described as follows, to wit: The north half of the southwest quarter of section No. one (1), in township No. one (1), north of range No. twelve (12), of the 3rd P. M. in section No. two (2), town No.

middle part of lot one (1), section No. twenty-six in township No. two (2), range No. twelve east, meaning to include all the interest of said instant in said lot No. one (1). Dated Dec. 31st, 1901.  
R. T. PEMBER,  
Sherriff of Rock Co., Wia.

**COUNTY COURT OF ROCK COUNTY.**  
JANUARY TERM.—In the matter of the estate of Samuel W. Taylor deceased.  
Reading and filing an application in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, in the city of Janesville, in said county, and thereupon petition of Louisa G. Spencer widow of said deceased.

order by the said day of December, 1864, leaving  
no amount, in which she is appointed the execu-  
tress, and in saying that she may be proved,  
ordered and praying that she may be proved,  
at the office of the Judge of said County, in the city of New-Arville,  
said county, on the last Monday of February next at  
about ten A.M. A writ is further ordered that public  
notice be given to all persons interested in  
obtaining a copy of this order once each week for  
two weeks successively prior to said day of hearing  
to the Jacksonville Daily Gazette, a daily newspaper  
issued and published at said city, dated January  
1869. By the Court. AMOS P. FRICHARD,  
County Judge.

— In the matter of the estate of Marcus Amundson deceased, and filing the petition of Sarah M. Amundson widow of said deceased, representing that she is the only child of said deceased, and that she is the intestate on the 25th day of October, 1904, leaving property in this county, and praying that she may be appointed administratrix of the estate of said deceased, it is ordered that said petition be heard before this Court, at the office of the Judge thereof, in the city of Jamezville, said county, on the 1st Monday of February next, at 10 o'clock A. M. and it is further ordered, that no said said petition and hearing be given by publication, a copy of this order for three successive weeks,

Daily Gazette, a newspaper printed and published at the said City, Dated January 5th, 1865,  
AMOS T. PRICHARD,  
County Judge.

---

**CIRCUIT COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY.**—The State of Wisconsin to Lonisa R. defendant,  
You are hereby summoned and required to answer complaint of Ely Rogers the plaintiff in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Rock county, at the city of Janesville in county; and to serve a copy of your answer to complaint on the subscriber at his office in said

On you, exclusive of the day of such service; and in full to answer the said complaint within the aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

CHAS. G. WILLIAMS,  
Plff. Atty., Jonesville, W. Va.

Nov. stamp 50 cts cancelled. d-ctd66w7w242

**CIRCUIT COURT, Rock County.**—  
Angeline Tappen, against William W. Tappen.  
a State of Wisconsin to the said defendants.  
You are hereby summoned and required to answer  
complaint in this action which has been duly filed  
in office of the Clerk of said court, at the city of

er to send complaint on the subscriber at their  
in said city, within twenty days after service  
of you, exclusive of the day of such service;  
if you fail to answer the said complaint within the  
fore said time, the Plaintiffs in this action will apply  
to court for the relief demanded in the complaint.  
6th, 1864. HATES & NICHOLS,  
Plf's Att'y, Janesville, Rock county, Wis.  
660w2w23

at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day, one  
 one scale, for my charges for work done and ma-  
 furnished in replacing the same at the request  
 owner, amounting to the sum of eighteen dollars  
 which I claim a mechanic's lien in pursuance of  
 the above such scale made and perfected. Dated Janu-  
 ary 13th, 1886. JOHN J. EDWARDS.  
 133dewar.

1894, for work done and materials furnished  
 by him, at the request of the owner,  
 amounting to over \$100 dollars, for which I claim a  
 vendor's lien in paragraph 2 of the Statute in such  
 cases and provided, Dated Jan. 1st 1866.  
 J. W. J. EDWARDS.

**COCK COUNTY, City of Jacksonville.**  
 vs. — In Justices Court.—To Henry Cocke.  
 You are hereby notified that a warrant of attach-  
 ment has been served against you, and your property  
 is liable to satisfy the demand of the plaintiff,  
 amounting to twenty-five dollars, now unless  
 you shall appear before J. A. Hudson, Police Justice,  
 on the 10th day of February next, to answer the

**IMPORTANT.—Garrison & Andrew**  
Having opened a Packing House near the corner of  
Milwaukee and Jackson streets near Palmer's  
Store, are prepared to purchase Pork for the pur-  
pose of packing Pork and trying Lard. Any persons  
possessing a nice article of Lard, will do well to give us  
a trial. Highest price paid for Hops.

5,000 bushels good dry Buckwheat wanted at the  
mills, for which we will pay the highest mar-  
ket price. We grind Buckwheat grists every day.



